

Transforming the Delivery of Essential Care in Rural Communities

Medical Design Forum AIA Seattle/AHP Medical Forum

February 7, 2013





The Essential Care, Everywhere study provides new insight into Washington's rural communities, and their 42 hospitals.







The Study area covered by this study comprises over 59% of the State's land mass and approximately one million residents.



- The Study service area is much more sparsely populated than the State, with a density per square mile that is 87% lower than the State average.
- □ Washington State has over 6,724,000 residents; the study area has just over 1,000,000 residents.
- □ Nearly 15% of the State's population resides in the study







Association of Washington Public Hospital Districts



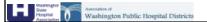
- □ They are older- they have almost 25% more 65+ residents than the State average.
- They are more diverse- the percent of the population that is Hispanic is almost 70% higher than the State average and residents are more likely to speak a language other than English at home.
- □ Poorer:
  - Unemployment rate is 9% higher.
  - □ Percent of families in poverty is 33% higher.
  - □ Income is nearly 28% lower.
- Health indicators:
  - Obesity is 18% higher.
  - Smoking is 11% higher.





Data suggests that ambulatory-sensitive conditions are higher in rural areas. There are a multitude of reasons for this, but importantly there has been improvement since 2009.

- Ambulatory sensitive conditions result in hospital admissions for conditions that likely could have prevented with adequate primary care. i.e.: COPD, pneumonia, CHF, and hypertension.
- ☐ Statewide, these conditions account for about 9% of hospital admissions, in our 42 hospitals, they accounted for 14.1% in Q12012.
  - ☐ The discrepancy can be due, in part, to smaller hospital admission rates, the limited types of conditions eligible for admission to rural hospitals (fewer admits to offset these admissions), higher rates of uninsured and low income and historic lower overall availability of primary care.
- ☐ Between 2009-Q12012, there was a slight increase statewide but a 3% decrease (improvement) in Study hospitals.



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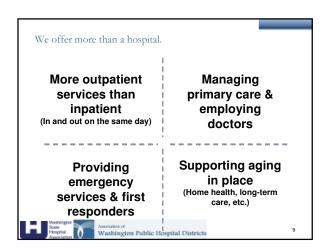
# The mortality rate due to accidents is over 40% higher than the State rate. Age-Adjusted Accident Death Rate Age-Adjusted Accident Death Rate All Study Hospitals State of Weshington

Rate per 100,000 population years 2000-2009 Source: Washington State Department of Health









Most rural physicians have determined that they cannot survive without hospital backing. □ 54% increase in hospital-owned clinics between 2006 and 2011. ☐ The study hospitals collectively employ over 300 primary care providers. □ 90% of the study hospitals employ community primary care □ Half of these hospitals employ at least 2/3 of their community's primary care providers; with almost 30% responsible for all of the local primary care.

Close to half of all the primary care providers in the study communities are employed by the hospital.







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#### If rural hospitals disappear...

- So do:
  - □ Primary care & specialty services
  - Ambulance services
  - □ Nursing homes & long term care
  - Other community health services
- Patients don't disappear:
  - Travel cost
  - Sicker patients
  - □ Shift unattractive payer mix







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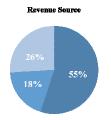
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Medicare and Medicaid are the predominant payers, and Medicare and Medicaid patients are disproportionately using the Study hospitals for care.

- □ 73% of the inpatients served by the Study hospitals have either Medicare or
- Medicaid as a payer.

  Statewide, Medicare, and Medicaid represent 54% of total discharges.

  On average, Study hospitals have a nearly 39% service area inpatient market share of Medicare and Medicaid.
  - □ This compares with an average commercial inpatient market share of about 22% in 2011.
- ☐ In other words, Medicare and Medicaid patients are disproportionately staying in their local communities for care.



■ Medicare ■ Medicaid ■ Other





Washington Public Hospital Districts

The cost of charity care and bad debt provided by the hospitals was more than \$75 million in 2011. While all hospitals statewide have seen large increases over the past 5 years, the increase is significantly higher for Study hospitals.

- ☐ The Study hospitals provided almost \$25.4 million in charity care and \$46.9 million in bad debt in 2011.
- □ Charity care has increased by 109% for all Study hospitals and by 116% in the CAH hospitals, compared to 51% statewide.
- □ Bad debt has also increased significantly 77% for all Study







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Acute care subsidizes other services.

□ Cost-based reimbursement and tax revenues don't cover all costs.

	Hospital - Acute Care	Outpatient Surgical Clinic	Health clinic	Home Health	EMS	District Total
Margin	5%	-43%	-34%	-21%	-2%	1%







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Rural care costs Medicare 6.5% less......

Medicare Beneficiary Spend Data

WA State Average Beneficiary Total Spend	\$5,901				
Study Service Areas Average Total Spend	\$5,544				
CAH Service Areas Average Total Spend	\$5,499				
'Saya' to Madigara	\$69 691 942				

'Save' to Medicare
Source: iVantage Medicare Beneficiary Spend Data, 2012

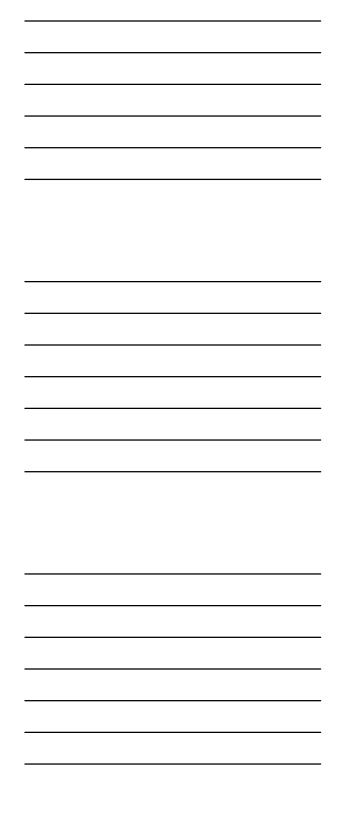
 $\hfill \square$  It has been iVantage's experience that Medicare is a proxy for Medicaid.







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 On average, each hospital employed nearly 232 FTEs, with salaries and wages of nearly \$14.7 million, making the study hospitals a leading local employer.

Statewide, rural hospital salaries and wages contributed over **\$500** million to local economies in 2011.

In addition, national data suggests that each hospital job supports about 2 additional jobs (AHA Trendwatch).

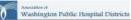




Even under current regulatory constraints, rural hospitals are actively moving to further improve care, improve health, and reduce costs....

- ✓ Collaborations
- $\checkmark$ Telehealth
- ✓ Lean/Process Improvement
- ✓ Transparency: Outcome
- ✓ Monitoring and Reporting





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Despite payment methodologies and limitations, CAHs have been leaders in addressing the needs of their communities:

- ☐ In most communities, rural hospitals have:
  - □ stabilized and enhanced primary care.
  - developed outpatient services that directly address community
  - □ provided the infrastructure the "hub and bridge" to connect rural residents with needed services.
- ☐ And, they continue to work collaboratively to address mental health and substance abuse.







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#### **Essential Care in Rural Communities**

Thomas J. Martin Administrator Lincoln Hospital Davenport, WA













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## President's 'bad news' budget for next fiscal year proposes deep Medicare, Medicaid cuts

The Madeiran and Mrs. 301

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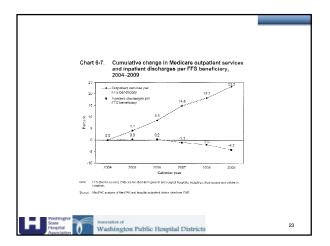
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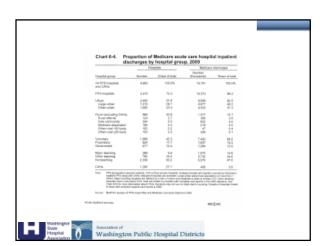
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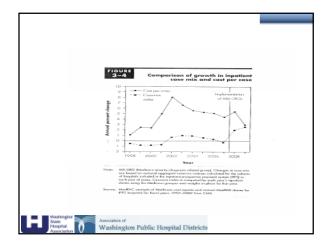
The Madeiran and Mrs. 303

Another Mrs. 304

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## HEALTHCARE FINANCE NEWS

Published on *Healthcare Finance News* (<a href="http://www.healthcarefinancenews.com">http://www.healthcarefinancenews.com</a>)
<a href="http://www.healthcarefinancenews.com">Home</a> > Reducing costs through better care collaboration

#### Reducing costs through better care collaboration

For the past several decades, the U.S. healthcare system has rewarded the provision of high-volume, specialized patient care—and, as a result, we have seen costs skyrocket and our collective health suffer.







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### Rural Strategic Issues

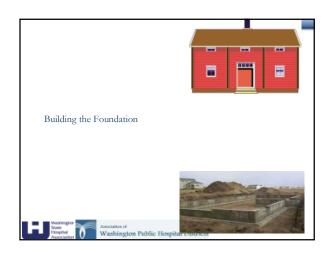
- Increasing Outpatient Focus
- ☐ Increasing Severity of Illness Admission Criteria for Hospitalizations
- □ Acuity Capacity of Family Practice Medical Staff vs Multi-disciplinary Team
- Quality of Care and Standards of Practice
- □ Necessity for Care Coordination and Regional Integration
- Optimize Clinical Outcomes
- □ Realize Efficiencies
- Rational Collaborative Partnership between Local Primary Care and the Specialty Community



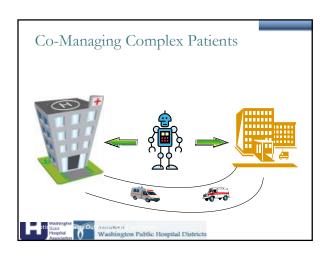




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## Our Experience In Just 8 Months: ■ Hospital Transfers declined by 20% ■ Admissions Increased by 21% □ Inpatient Days Increased by 32% ☐ Inpatient Net Revenue Increased by over \$1 million dollars. Association of Washington Public Hospital Districts In Summary Benefits to The Hospital □Enhances level of care □Patient and community confidence □With access to specialists ■More utilization of hospital and ancillary services ■Added medical staff ■Added nursing staff Association of Washington Public Hospital Districts In Summary Benefits to The Hospital, continued □Minimal addition of cost that generates significant revenue □ Focuses on the continuum of care, improves quality and Lowers cost to the patient □Reduction in number of patients transferred □ Transfer cost avoidance □ Transfer risk to patient avoided □ Increased utilization/continuation of Inpatient Program Association of Washington Public Hospital Districts



# Hidalgo Medical Services Silver City Community Health Center

- ■Opened 2/1/13
- 30,000 Sq Ft
- **■**Combines three facilities into one
- Replaces 11K sq ft Clinic & 2 satellite facilities



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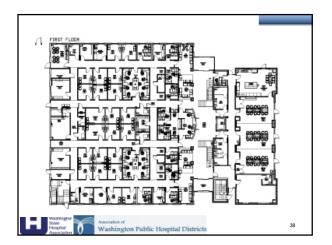
- **24 Primary Care Exams**
- ■10 Chair Dental Suite
- •Mental Health Suite with Adult Group and Child Play Areas
- •Community Health Workers in each clinical hallway (6 total) & 3 classrooms

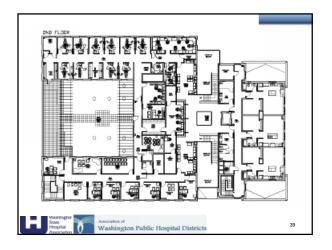


# Hidalgo Medical Services Silver City Community Health Center

- •All Records and Radiology is Digital and Integrated into 4 Core Services
- 3 One-Bedroom Apartments for Students and Residents
- ■Teaching Kitchen
- **■**Pharmacy

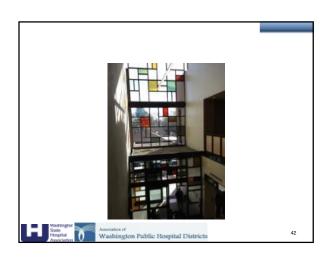








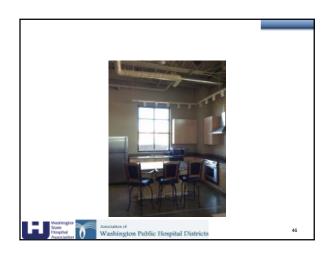








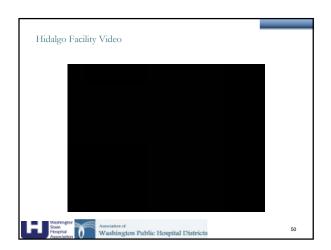


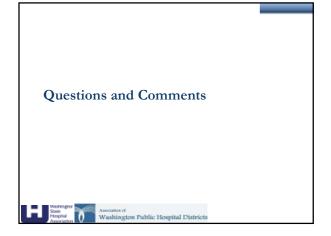














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